

Reference Specifications

No: 01100030

S18 INCREMENTAL

Ver. 4. 0 Page 1/6

1. S18 Incremental Optical Encoder (Soild shaft)

1.1 Introduction:

S18 is a micro-miniature solid shaft optical encoder with compact structure and high reliability, which is commonly used in small equipment and space-constrained industrial automation fields.

1.2 Feature:

- Encoder external diameter Ø18mm, thickness 18mm, diameter of shaft Ø2.5mm;
- Adopt non-contact photoelectric principle;
- Multiple electrical interfaces available;
- · Resolution per turn up to 16384PPR.

1.3 Application:

Bill counting machines, printers, micro motors, small instruments and other automation control fields.

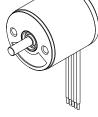
1.4 Connection:

- Radial alignment (standard length 0.15m)
- Axial alignment (standard length 0.15m)

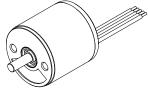
1.5 Protection: IP40

1.6 Weight: about 20g



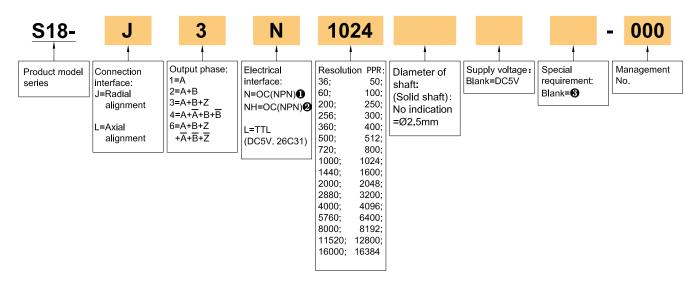






2. Model Selection Guide

2.1 Model composition(select parameters)

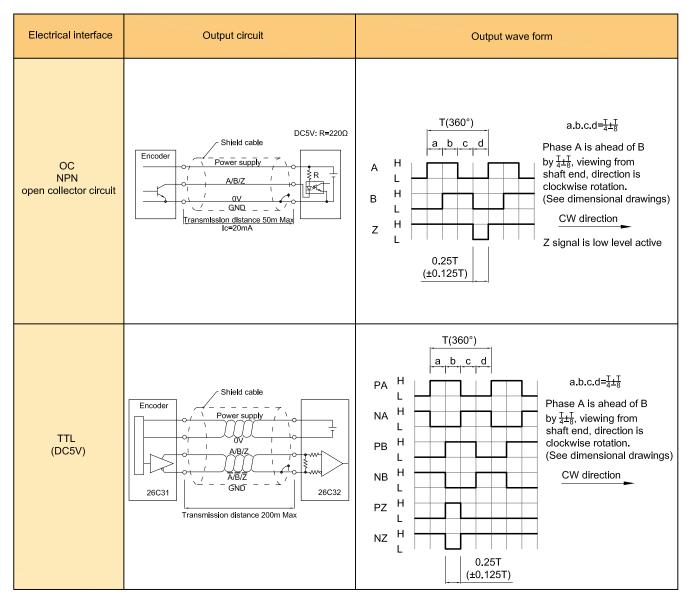


- 2. 2 Note
- 1. Z signal is low level active.
- 2. Z signal is high level active.
- None indicated for IP40 and cable length of 0.15M, if need to change the length C+number, the longest is 100M (expressed by C100). For the specific length of use, pls refer to page 2 of the provision of output circuit.

S18 INCREMENTAL

Ver. 4. 0 Page 2/6





\$18 INCREMENTAL

Ver. 4. 0 Page 3/6

4. Electrical Parameters

Parameter Output type Item		utput type	OC		TTL			
Supply voltage			DC+5V±5%					
Consumption current			100mA Max					
Allowable ripple			≤3%rms					
Top response frequency			100KHz	300KHz				
	Output current	Input	≤30mA	≤±20mA				
0.1.1		Output	SIZUMA					
Output capacity	Output voltage	"H"	_	≥2.5V				
		"L"	≤0.4V	≤0.5V				
	Load voltage		≤DC30V	_				
Rise & Fal	l time		Less than 2us(cable length: 2m)	≤100ns L	ess than 1us(Cable ler	ngth: 2m)		
Mark to space ratio			45% to 55%					
Phase shift between A & B			90°±10° (frequency in low speed)					
			90°±20° (frequency in high speed)					
GND			Not connect to encoder					

5. Mechanical Specifications

Diameter of shaft	Ø2.5mm(Stainless steel material)
Starting torque	Less than 5×10 ⁻⁴ N⋅m
Inertia moment	Less than $0.3 \times 10^6 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$
Shaft load	Radial 2N; Axial 2N
Slew speed	≤5000 rpm
Shell	Aluminium alloy
Weight	about 20g

6. Environmental Parameters

Environmental temperature	Operating:-10~+70°C; Storage:-15~+75°C
Environmental humidity	Operating and storage: 35~85%RH(noncondensing)
Vibration(Endurance) Amplitude 0.75mm,5~50Hz,2h for X,Y,Z direction individually	
Shock(Endurance)	49m/s² 11ms three times for X,Y,Z direction individually
Protection	IP40

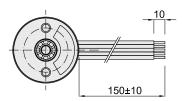
S18 INCREMENTAL

Ver. 4. 0 Page 4/6

7. Wiring Table

7.1 OC (Wiring table)

	Supply voltage		Incremental signal			
Wire color	Red	Black	White	Green	Yellow	
Function	Up	0V	A	В	Z	

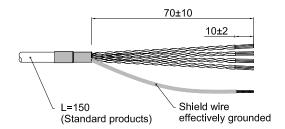


7.2 TTL (Wiring table)

	Supply voltage		Incremental signal					
Wire color	Red	Black	White	White/BK	Green	Green/BK	Yellow	Yellow/BK
Function	Up	0V	A+	A-	B+	B-	Z+	Z-
Twisted-paired cable								

Up=Supply voltage.

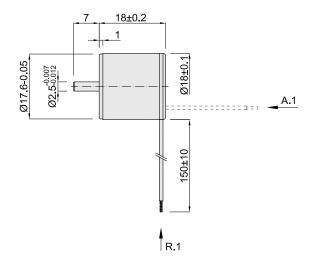
Shield wire is not connected to the internal circuit of encoder.

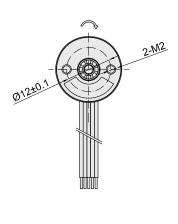


Unit: mm

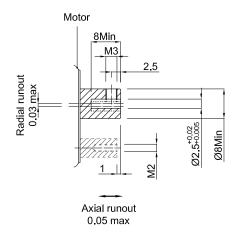
8. Basic Dimensions

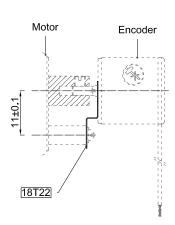
8.1 Dimensions





8.2 Assembling requirements





Unit: mm



= Shaft rotation direction of the incremental signal output

R.1 = Radial alignment(standard length 150mm)

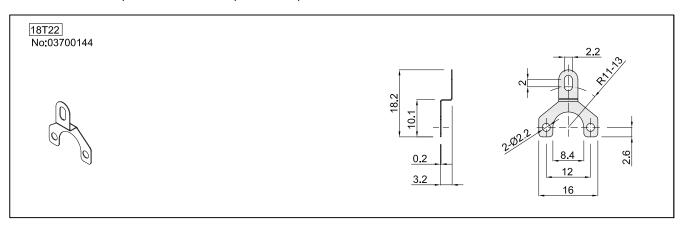
A.1 = Axial alignment (standard length 150mm)

18T22 = Mounting spring plate model

\$18 INCREMENTAL

Ver. 4. 0 Page 6/6

9. Accessories(Recommended purchase)



About vibration

Vibration act on encoder always cause wrong pulse, so we should pay attention to working place. More pulse per revolution, narrower groovy spacing of grating, more effect to encoder by vibration, when rev is low or stop, vibration act on shaft or main body would cause grating vibrating, so encoder might make wrong pulse.



Tel: 86-21-54613487